GSP by the Numbers

- Year GSP first instituted: 1976
- Total U.S. imports under GSP (2012): \$19.9 billion
- Import duties saved on GSP products (2012): \$742 million
- Number of GSP beneficiary countries and territories: 126
- Number of GSP beneficiaries that are least developed countries (LDCs): 43
- Total number of 8-digit U.S. tariff lines eligible for duty-free entry under GSP: 4,980
 - -- of these, number eligible for all GSP beneficiaries: 3,509
 - -- number eligible for LDC beneficiaries only: 1,471

2012 Top GSP Products (by value):

- 1. Ferroalloys (\$1 billion)
- 2. Motor vehicle parts (\$ 938 million)
- 3. Rubber radial tires (\$ 883 million)
- 4. Silver and gold jewelry (\$ 748 million)
- 5. Crude petroleum oil (\$ 664 million)
- 6. Aluminum plate and related products (\$ 427 million)
- Iron and steel tube and pipe fittings (\$ 359 million)
- 8. Insulated and fiber optic wire and cable (\$ 330 million)
- 9. Transmission parts (\$ 324 million)
- 10. Machines fittings for pipes and vats and related products (\$ 291 million)

2012 Top GSP Beneficiary Developing Countries:

- 1. India (\$4.5 billion)
- 2. Thailand (\$3.7 billion)
- 3. Brazil (\$2.3 billion)
- 4. Indonesia (\$2.2 billion)
- 5. South Africa (\$1.3 billion)
- 6. Philippines (\$1.2 billion)
- 7. Turkey (\$1.1 billion)
- 8. Angola (\$632 million)
- 9. Russia (\$544 million)
- 10. Argentina (\$233 million)¹

- 11. Pakistan (\$195million)
- 12. Sri Lanka (\$158 million)
- 13. Tunisia (\$149 million)
- 14. Bolivia (\$128 million)
- 15. Georgia (\$124 million)
- 16. Kazakhstan (\$111 million)
- 17. Ecuador (\$107 million)
- 18. Venezuela (\$99 million)
- 19. Cote d'Ivoire (\$96 million)
- 20. Congo (DROC) (\$94 million)

¹ Argentina's GSP benefits were suspended by Presidential Proclamation effective May 28, 2012.